Bin2Wrong:

A Unified Fuzzing Framework for Uncovering Semantic Errors in Binary-to-C Decompilers

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High-level goal: recover equivalent C code from compiled binary artifacts



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 - Fundamental to downstream tasks that center on source-unavailable components



Proprietary Software

Performance Tuning

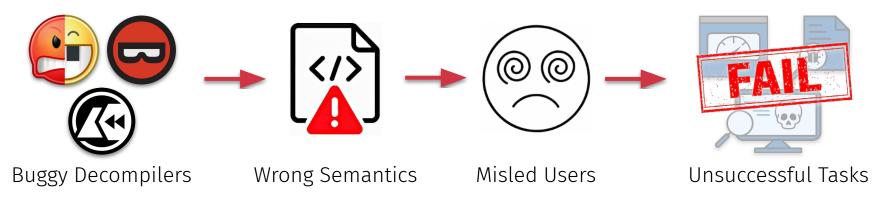


Obfuscated Binary Malware Analysis

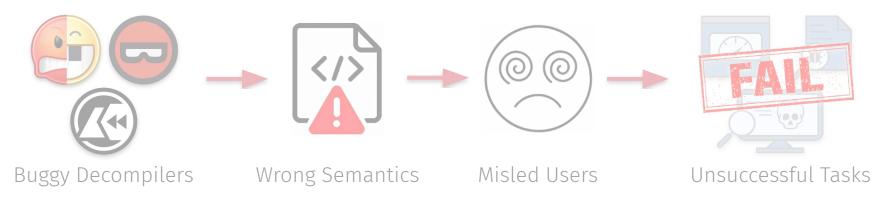


Commercial Software **Vulnerability Discovery**

- High-level goal: recover equivalent C code from compiled binary artifacts
 - Fundamental to downstream tasks that center on source-unavailable components
 - Success of these downstream tasks often undermined by incorrect decompilation



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 - Success of these downstream tasks often undermined by incorrect decompilation



Problem: what factors chiefly influence **decompilation errors**?

Manually distilled 64 prior decompiler bugs into four distinct factors

Origin(s)	Affected Decompilers
Instructions	Ghidra [1], Radare2 [2], Reko [3], RetDec [4, 5]
Refinement	Angr [<u>6</u> , <u>7</u>], Binary Ninja [<u>8</u> , <u>9</u> , <u>10</u>], RetDec [<u>11</u>]
If / Else	Binary Ninja [<u>12</u> , <u>13</u> , <u>14</u>], Ghidra [<u>15</u>], RetDec [<u>16</u> , <u>17</u>]
Loops	Angr [<u>18</u> , <u>19</u> , <u>20</u>], Binary Ninja [<u>21</u> , <u>22</u>], Reko [<u>23</u>]
Goto	Angr [<u>24</u> , <u>25</u>], Binary Ninja [<u>26</u>], Reko [<u>27</u>], RetDec [<u>28</u>]
Switches	Binary Ninja [<u>29</u> , <u>30</u> , <u>31</u>], Radare2 [<u>32</u>], RetDec [<u>33</u>]
Arguments	Angr [<u>34</u> , <u>35</u> , <u>36</u>], Binary Ninja [<u>37</u> , <u>38</u> , <u>39</u> , <u>40</u>]
Variables	Angr [<u>41</u> , <u>42</u>], Binary Ninja [<u>43</u>], Ghidra [<u>44</u> , <u>45</u> , <u>46</u>]
Literals	Angr [<u>47</u>], Binary Ninja [<u>48</u>], Ghidra [<u>49</u> , <u>50</u>], Reko [<u>51</u>]
Compilers, Opts	Angr [<u>52</u> , <u>53</u> , <u>54</u>], Binary Ninja [<u>55</u>], Ghidra [<u>56</u> , <u>57</u>]
Executable Formats	Angr [<u>58</u>], Binary Ninja [<u>59</u> , <u>60</u> , <u>61</u>], Ghidra [<u>62</u> , <u>63</u>]



Manually distilled 64 prior decompiler bugs into four distinct factors

```
int v0 =
    divide(nmr, dnr);

word32 v01 =
    sub_4a(v42, v13);
```

Opaqueness of **Source Semantics**

Manually distilled 64 prior decompiler bugs into four distinct factors

```
mov eax, edi
int v0 =
                        add eax, eax
divide(nmr, dnr);
                       mov eax, edi
                        shl eax
word32 \ v01 =
                       mov eax, edi
sub_4a(v42,v13);
                        shl eax, 0x1
  Opaqueness of
                         Patterns among
Source Semantics
                       Different Compilers
```

Manually distilled 64 prior decompiler bugs into four distinct factors

```
mov eax, edi
int v0 =
                                               for (i=0;i<3;i++)
                       add eax, eax
                                                 a[i]--:
divide(nmr, dnr);
                       mov eax, edi
                       shl eax
                                                    a[0]--;
word32 \ v01 =
                                                    a[1]--:
                                     TEE
sub_4a(v42,v13);
                                                    a[2]--;
                                                 Layout-altering
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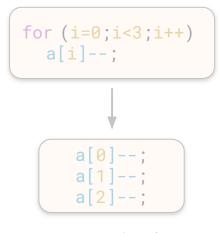
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Opaqueness of **Source Semantics**

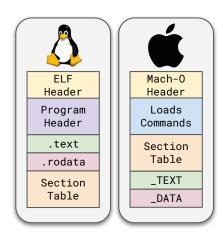


Patterns among **Different Compilers**



Layout-altering

Code Optimizations



Differences in **Executable Formats**

- Manually distilled 64 prior decompiler bugs into four distinct factors
 - Root causes stem not just from individual factors—but combinations as well

```
if (var != 0xF)
if (<mark>0xF</mark> != 0xF)
```

Incorrect if condition

```
if (x < 1.5)
if (<mark>1.5 < x</mark>)
```

Mi-swapped operands

```
0.0000000
```

0.00000000<mark>23283</mark>

Erroneous float value

Missed float argument in PE binaries

```
return tailFunc(input);
return 0;
```

Dropped call in tailcall optimization

- Manually distilled 64 prior decompiler bugs into four distinct factors
 - Root causes stem not just from individual factors—but combinations as well

Preventing such errors demands thorough testing along these factors

Prior Work: Automated Decompiler Testing

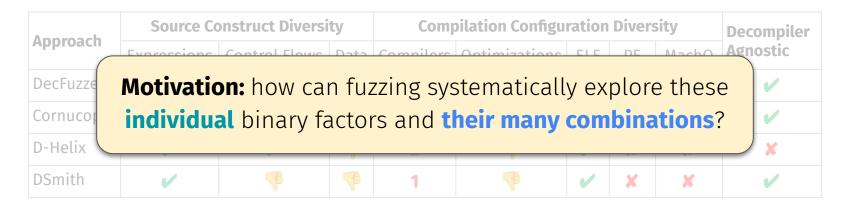
- Problem: prior approaches only marginally explore source & compilation
 - Hardcoded to limited source constructs, specific compilers/optimizations, and just ELF

Annroach	Source Construct Diversity		Compilation Configuration Diversity				Decompiler		
Approach	Expressions	Control Flows	Data	Compilers	Optimizations	ELF	PE	MachO	Agnostic
DecFuzzer	/	7	7	1	×	/	X	X	/
Cornucopia	/	V	/	2	/	V	×	X	/
D-Helix	V	V	7	2	F	V	×	X	×
DSmith	/	7	7	1	*	/	X	X	V

Key: ✓ = fully support, 🗶 = no support, 👎 = limited constrained support

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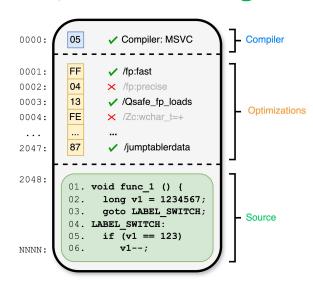


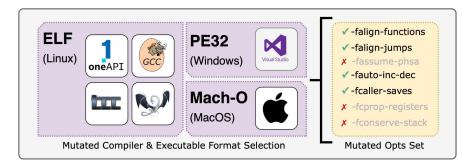
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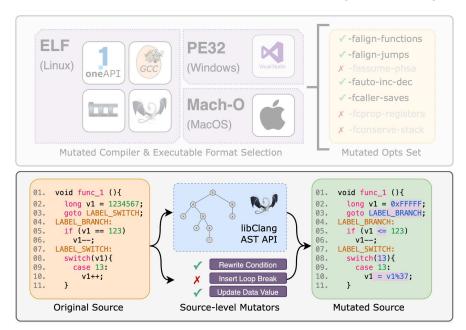
- Idea: mutate source code, compilers, optimizations, and format altogether
 - Backbone: multi-dimensional test case format
 - Mutate compilation configuration via byte flips
 - Mutate source layout via AST-level mutations

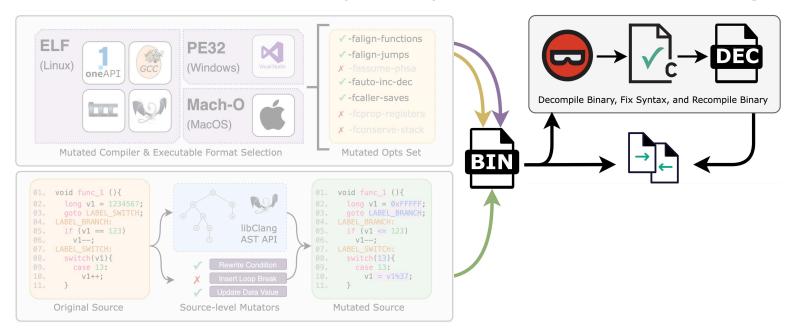
Out-of-the-box support for:

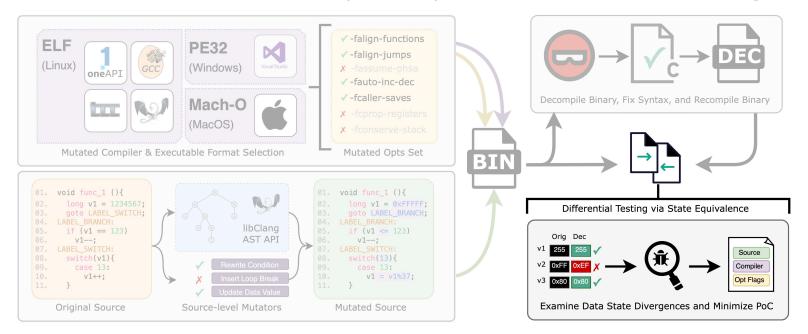
- Compilers: GCC, Clang, ICX, TCC, AppleClang, MSVC
- Optimizations: 5,183 total across all compilers
- Formats: Linux ELF, MacOS MachO, Windows PE
- Source: all C constructs incl. strings/floats/gotos











Idea: mutate source code, compilers, optimizations, and format altogether

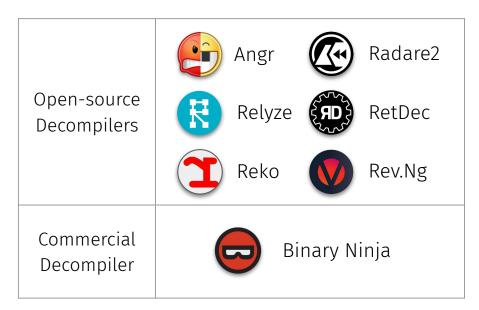
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Cornucopia	V	V	/	2	V	/	X	×	V
D-Helix	V	V	7	2	F	/	×	×	×
DSmith	V	The state of the s	78	1	ŢĒ.	V	X	×	V
Bin2Wrong	V	V	V	6	5,183	/	V	•	~

By maximizing source and compilation diversity, Bin2Wrong enables the most thorough evaluation of decompilation correctness to date.

Evaluation: Overview

Fundamental questions:

- Does Bin2Wrong's unified mutation attain greater binary diversity?
- Can Bin2Wrong-generated binaries test more decompiler internals?
- Will Bin2Wrong's binaries discover more decompilation bugs?
- Competing decompiler fuzzers:
 - Corncopia (mutates optimizations)
 - DecFuzzer (mutates source code)



Benchmarked Decompilers



Evaluation: Binary Diversity

- Measured mean binary-to-binary diversity across 10,000 binaries
 - Similarity scoring calculated via three state-of-the-art diffing algorithms

Diffing Algorithms

BinDiff

(Zynamics's Graph-Based)

Radiff2-M

(Eugene W. Myers' O(ND))

Radiff2-L

(Levenshtein's Edit Distance)



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Diffing Algorithms	Bin2Wrong vs. Cornucopia	Bin2Wrong vs. DecFuzzer
BinDiff (Zynamics's Graph-Based)	+9.398 ×	+16.189 ×
Radiff2-M (Eugene W. Myers' O(ND))	+8.119 X	+15.941 ×
Radiff2-L (Levenshtein's Edit Distance)	+6.131 X	+15.089 X

Takeaways: Bin2Wrong's unified mutation greatly increases binary diversity

Evaluation: Decompiler Code Coverage

- Measured mean decompiler code coverage across 24-hour fuzzing trials
 - Computed basic block coverage via the AFL-QEMU-Cov utility

Metrics	Bin2Wrong vs. Cornucopia	Bin2Wrong vs. DecFuzzer
Basic Block Coverage	+16%	+32%



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Metrics	Bin2Wrong vs. Cornucopia	Bin2Wrong vs. DecFuzzer
Basic Block Coverage	+16%	+32%
Generated Binaries	-74%	-95%

Takeaways: Bin2Wrong's binaries each exercise more decompiler internals

Evaluation: Decompiler Bugs

- Enumerated total unique bugs throughout all 24-hour fuzzing campaigns
 - All bugs manually deduplicated and reported to their respective decompiler developers

Metrics	DecFuzzer	Cornucopia
Total Found Bugs	0	10
Individually-found	0	4
Confirmed or fixed	0	5

Decompiler	DecFuzzer	Cornucopia
Angr	0	2
BinNinja	0	0
Reko	0	3
R2Ghidra	0	1
Relyze	0	2
RetDec	0	2
rev.ng	0	0

Evaluation: Decompiler Bugs

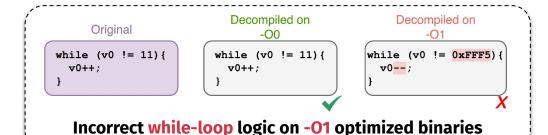
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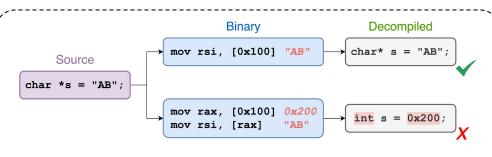
Metrics	DecFuzzer	Cornucopia	Bin2Wrong
Total Found Bugs	0	10	48
Individually-found	0	4	42
Confirmed or fixed	0	5	30

Decompiler	DecFuzzer	Cornucopia	Bin2Wrong
Angr	0	2	9
BinNinja	0	0	11
Reko	0	3	6
R2Ghidra	0	1	2
Relyze	0	2	7
RetDec	0	2	11
rev.ng	0	0	2

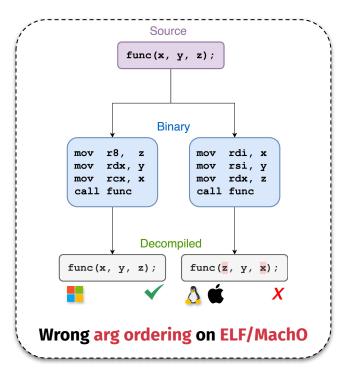
- Takeaways: Bin2Wrong's diverse binaries expose more decompiler bugs
 - Since reporting, 30 are now confirmed and/or fixed







Failed string literal recovery on TCC-compiled binaries



Bin2Wrong found a critical bug in commercial decompiler Binary Ninja

```
int var = 0, int idx = 1;
                                               int var = 0, int idx = 1;
                                               if (var == 2) { ... }
switch (var) {
   case 0: var=5; break;
                                               else {
                                                   if (var == 0): var=5;
   case 1: ...
   case 2: ...
                                                   if (var == 1): ...
   default: idx=0; break;
                                                   if (var > 2): idx=0;
  Results:
           var=?, idx=?
                                                 Results:
                                                          var=?, idx=?
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  Results:
           var=5, idx=1
                                                  Results:
                                                           var=5, idx=0
```

- Bin2Wrong found a critical bug in commercial decompiler Binary Ninja
 - Spurred an overhaul of Binary Ninja's internal control flow recovery processes





binary.ninja/2024/06/19/restructuring-the-decompiler.html

Takeaways: Bin2Wrong exposes critical decompiler bugs missed by others



Conclusion: Why Bin2Wrong?

- Decompiler errors create downstream failures
 - Hence, testing decompilers is critical to fixing them
- Prior fuzzers fail to thoroughly test decompilers
 - Only partial coverage of source/compilation factors
 - Vast majority of binary diversity thus left unexplored



Conclusion: Why Bin2Wrong?

- Decompiler errors create downstream failures
 - Hence, testing decompilers is critical to fixing them
- Prior fuzzers fail to thoroughly test decompilers
 - Only partial coverage of source/compilation factors
 - Vast majority of binary diversity thus left unexplored
- Our solution: Bin2Wrong
 - Unified mutation coalescing source and compilation
 - Support for 6 compilers, 5,183 optimizations, all major executable formats, and virtually all C code constructs
 - Outcome: systematic decompiler fuzzer exploring all of these individual dimensions—and combinations thereof

Key Results:

6–16× higher binary diversity,

16–32% higher code coverage,

48 new errors, **30** confirmed



Thank you!



github.com/FuturesLab/Bin2Wrong

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